

FINAL FISCAL NOTE

Drafting Number:

LLS 18-0800

Prime Sponsors: Rep. Pettersen; Becker J.

Sen. Priola

Date: June 8, 2018

Bill Status: Signed into Law

Fiscal Analyst: Anna Gerstle | 303-866-4375

Anna.Gerstle@state.co.us

BIII Topic: NOTICE TO STUDENTS OF POSTSECONDARY COURSES

Summary of Fiscal Impact:

□ State Revenue

State Expenditure (minimal)

□ State Transfer

□ TABOR Refund

School District
 School District

□ Statutory Public Entity

The bill requires school districts to provide specific information related to postsecondary and concurrent enrollment courses to students and their parent or guardian. The bill increases state and school district workload on an ongoing basis.

Appropriation Summary:

No appropriation is required.

Fiscal Note Status:

The fiscal note reflects the enacted bill.

Summary of Legislation

Under current law, local education providers (LEPs) must notify students and their parents or legal guardians of opportunities to concurrently enroll in postsecondary courses. The bill specifies that the notice must include timelines for concurrent enrollment courses and a statement that by taking concurrent enrollment courses, students may significantly decrease their college expenses and increase the likelihood that they will complete college and earn workforce skills.

At least six weeks prior to the enrollment period for concurrent enrollment, LEPs must provide each student and their parents or guardians with written notice that includes:

- all postsecondary courses offered at the LEP's facility and the cost of each course; and
- options for enrolling in courses at an institution of higher education's facility and the costs of those courses.

The notifications related to course costs and offerings must include all postsecondary courses available to the student regardless of whether the courses meet the criteria for concurrent enrollment.

Background

Concurrent or dual enrollment refers to an arrangement between an LEP and an institution of higher education that permits a qualified high school student to earn higher education course credit that will simultaneously apply to high school graduation requirements, and toward a postsecondary degree. Not all postsecondary options available to high school students are concurrent enrollment options.

State Expenditures

Beginning in FY 2018-19, the bill increases the workload for the Colorado Department of Education and Department of Higher Education to assist districts with meeting the bill's requirements, including answering questions and providing guidance on the courses and information that must be included in the notifications. The workload increase can be accomplished within existing appropriations.

School District

The bill increases workload and costs for school districts to adjust current notification practices to meet the bill's requirements. The workload and cost increase to districts is expected to be minimal.

Effective Date

The bill was signed into law by the Governor on March 22, 2018, and takes effect on August 8, 2018, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

State and Local Government Contacts

Education Higher Education School Districts